<b>Q.P. Code:</b> 16EC425														<b>R16</b>	
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			B.T	ech Il	II Yea	r II S	· ·			,	inatio	ns, M	ay 2019		
	MICROWAVE ENGINEERING														
					(Elect	tronics	and C	Comm	unicat	ion En	gineeı	ring)			
	Ti	me: 3 hours		Max. Marks: 60											
		(Answer all Five Units 5 x 12 = 60 Marks) UNIT-I													
1	<b>a</b> Explain the wave impedance of a rectangular waveguide and derive the expression for the w													or the wave	
	impedance of TE and TM modes. <b>b</b> For a wave guide having cross section $3 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm}$ , compute the cut off frequency in the TEO1													8M	
	<b>b</b> For a wave guide having cross section $3\text{cm} \times 2\text{cm}$ , compute the cut-off frequency in the TE01 mode. Also, calculate the phase velocity and guide wavelength at a frequency equal to 50%														
		above the cut-off frequency.													
				10440	iie j.			(	)R						11/1
2	<b>a</b> Show that a waveguide works like a high pass filter.													7M	
	<b>b</b> A wave guide operating in TE10 mode has dimensions $a = 2.26$ cm and $b = 1$ cm. The measured														
		guide wave length is 4 cm. Find i. Cut off frequency of the propagating mode.												<b>7 1 4</b>	
															5M
2	UNIT-II														6M
<ul><li>3 a Derive the S-matrix for directional coupler.</li><li>b Using the properties of scattering matrix of a lossless, reciprocal microwave junct</li></ul>											wave junction	prove that	0111		
	for a four port network if all the four ports are matched, the device shall be a directional couple												6M		
	OR														
4	<b>a</b> Explain the following (i) Waveguide windows (ii) Screws.												TC (1	6M	
	<b>b</b> A 20db directional coupler gives 3 dbm in output power through coupled port. If the Isolation specified as 55 dB, find the power available at the Isolated Port.												If the	6M	
	UNIT-III														0101
5		Define and e													7M
	<b>b</b> Write any two limitations of conventional tubes at Microwave frequencies.													5M	
6	<b>OR</b> <b>a</b> In an O-type traveling wave tube, the acceleration voltage is 4000 V and the magnitude of the													tude of the	
U	u	a in an o type furthing wave fube, the acceleration voltage is 4000 v and the magnitude of the axial electric field is 4 V/m. The phase velocity on the slow wave structure is 1.10 times the													
		average electron velocity. The operating frequency is 2 GHz. Determine the magnitude of											ignitude of		
		velocity fun		11.00											7M
	<b>b</b> Discuss about the differences between a TWT and a Klystron.													5M	
-	_				6 1: .	1 - 4 - 4 -	•		T-IV	1	:41-		19		
7		<ul> <li>a Give the classification of solid state microwave devices along with examples?</li> <li>b An n-type GaAs Gunn diode has following parameters: Electron drift velocity: vd = 2.5 × 105</li> </ul>									5 × 105	7M			
	U	m/s. Negative electron mobility: $\mu n = 0.015 \text{ m}2 / \text{v}$ . s. Relative dielectric constant: $\epsilon r = 13.1$ .													
		Determine the criterion for classifying the modes of operation.												5M	
								(	)R						
8		What is para		-											6M
<b>b</b> Explain it as an amplifier and frequency converter.												6M			
A	•	<b>UNIT-V</b> What is spectrum analyzer? List the types of spectrum analyzer. List some application of													
"	a	Spectrum analyzer.										7M			
	<b>b</b> Describe a microwave bench.													5M	
	OR														
10	a	Discuss in d	etail a	bout n	neasui	rement	of att	enuati	on.						7M

b Write short notes on "Reflection co-efficient and Insertion loss measurement at microwave 5M frequencies".

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